I claim:

- 1. A method of determining the sequence of a target nucleic acid sequence in a sample, comprising the steps of:
 - providing a solid phase comprising particles having transponders, the particles having an oligonucleotide probe attached to a surface of the solid phase particles, the transponders having memory elements and an index number indicating sequence of the probe encoded on the transponders;
 - contacting the solid phase with a sample to form a sample mixture;
 - (d) denaturing nucleic acids in the sample mixture;
 - (e) hybridizing the nucleic acids in the sample mixture, whereby target nucleic acid sequences hybridize to complementary probes;
 - analyzing the solid phase to detect the (f) presence of a label indicative of binding target nucleic acid to probes;
 - (g) 'decoding the data encoded on transponders using the dedicated read/write scanner to identify the sequence of the probes to which target nucleic acids are bound.
- The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of analyzing the sequences of probes to which target nucleic acid bound to determine at least a portion of the sequence of the target nucleic acid.
- 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the label is bound to the target nucleic acid.
- The method of claim 1 wherein the label is added after the annealing step through a chain extension reaction using DNA polymerase.
- The method of claim 1 wherein the data comprises the sequence of the oligonucleotide probe deposited on solid phase.
- The method of claim 1 wherein the data comprises characteristics of the sample.
- A method of determining the sequence of target nucleic acid thought to contain a plurality of subsequences,

10

5

25

30

35

comprising the steps of:

- introducing into the sample at least two populations of solid phase particles, each particle having a transponder and having an oligonucleotide probe corresponding to one of the subsequences attached to its surface, a first population having a different oligonucleotide probe sequence than a second population and the transponders in the first population being encoded with a different identification than the transponders of the second population;
- (b) denaturing the nucleic acids in the sample;
- (c) hybridizing the nucleic acids in the sample, whereby target nucleic acid sequences hybridize to the oligonucleotide probes;
- (c) analyzing the particles to detect a label indicating that target nucleic acid has bound to the probe; and
- (d) decoding the transponder to determine the sequence of the probe.
- The method of claim 7, wherein the solid phase comprises at least three populations of solid phase particles, each particle having a transponder and having an oligonucleotide probe corresponding to one of the subsequences attached to its surface, each of the three populations having a different oligonucleotide probe sequence and each of the populations being encoded with a different identification than the transponders of the second population.
- 9. The method of claim 7 wherein the surface of the particles is glass, latex or plastic.
- The method of claim 7 wherein the oligonucleotide probe is single-stranded.
- The method of claim 7, wherein the oligonucleotide probe is biotinylated and the particle is coated with a layer of streptavidin.

10

5

5. O The first out The first out the first out to the first out the firs

25

30

- 12. A kit for determining the sequence of target nucleic acids in a sample, comprising:
 - (a) at least one assay vessel, containing at least one solid phase particle having a transponder, and an oligonucleotide probe bound to a surface of the particle; and
 - (b) at least one label reagent.
- 13. The kit of claim 12, wherein the label reagent comprises a reagent that labels the target nucleic acid.
- 14. The kit of claim 12, wherein the label reagent comprises a labelled nucleoside for use in a chain extension reaction using DNA polymerase.
 - 15. The kit of claim 12, further comprising:
 - (a) a sample diluent buffer solution; and
 - (b) an enzyme reaction buffer solution.

fij

5

10